



The Benefits of Passive House (PH) – Questionnaire Session

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1. DISCOVER 2 PH CONSULTANCY CASE STUDIES
2. UNDERSTAND THE VALUE OF PH CONSULTANCY FOR:
 1. A HOMEOWNER
 2. AN ARCHITECT
3. LEARN MORE ABOUT PH THROUGH Q&A



Consultancy Case Studies

Idealings' latest consultancy projects were delivered for residential and educational buildings, targeting Passive House standard as a reference. A preliminary PHPP assessment has been developed for all providing improvement options based on client's specific needs and budget.



MT HAWTHORN RESIDENCE

Location – Perth WA
Sector – Residential
Consultancy – Idealings



Energy efficiency improvement of existing design.
Most cost-effective options were proposed:

- Improved insulation,
- Reduced and better performing glazing,
- Additional shading
- Material choice

Consultancy Case Study A

- Client:
Homeowner



Passive House criteria	Existing Design	Improvement
Heating demand ≤ 15 kWh/(m ² a)	32 kWh/(m ² a)	13 kWh/(m ² a)
Cooling demand ≤ 15 kWh/(m ² a)	35 kWh/(m ² a)	2 kWh/(m ² a)
Frequency of overheating $\leq 10\%$	30 %	8 %
Airtightness (at 50 pa) ≤ 0.6 ACH	10 ACH*	0.6 ACH#



Consultancy Case Study B

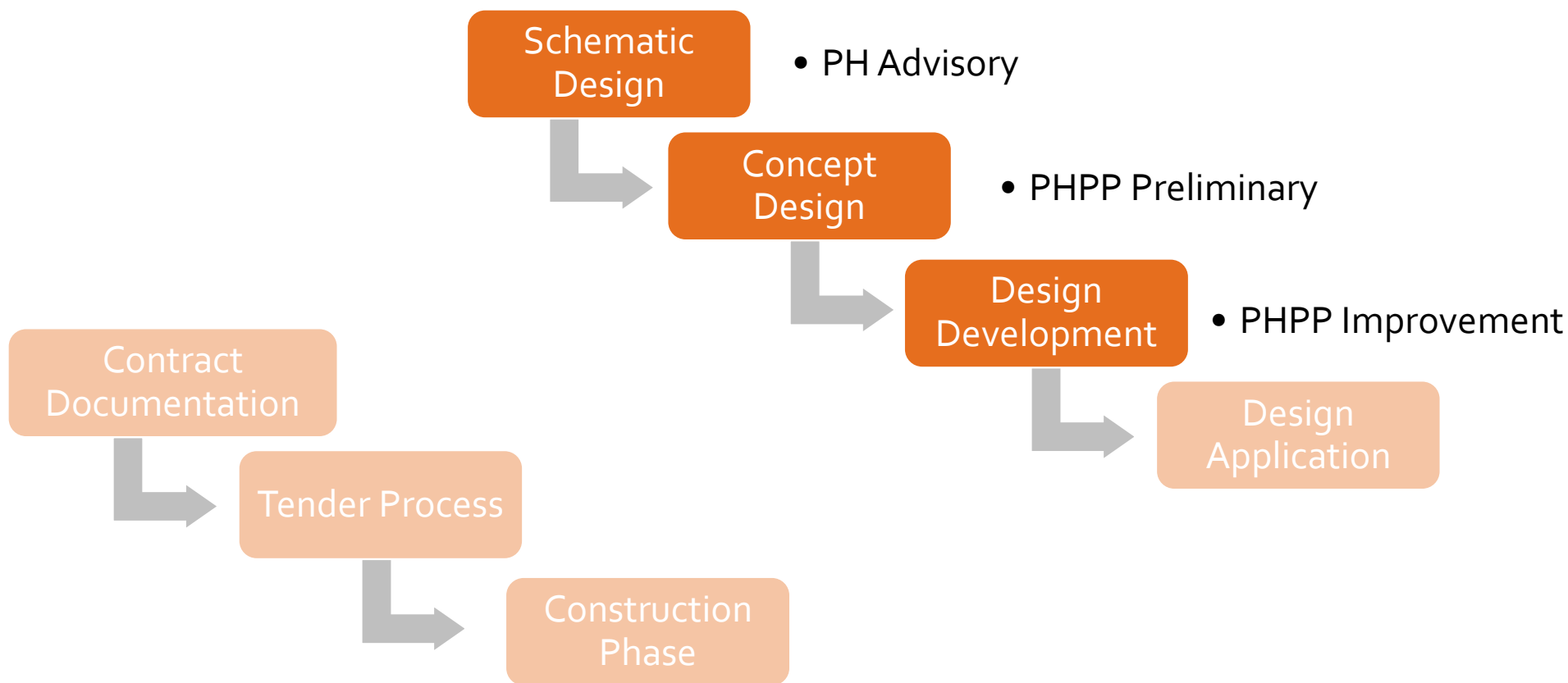
- Client: Architect

SCHOOL ADMIN

Location – Perth WA
Sector – Educational
Consultancy – Idealings



Existing design designed as close to Passive House recommendations as possible.
Initial design developed along with the architect.
Compact design.
Design improved further to reach 1% overheating, as requested by client.



SCHOOL ADMIN

Location – Perth WA
Sector – Educational
Consultancy – Idealings



Existing design designed as close to Passive House recommendations as possible.
Initial design developed along with the architect.
Compact design.
Design improved further to reach 1% overheating, as requested by client.

Consultancy Case Study B

- Client:
Architect



Passive House criteria	Existing Design	Improvement
Heating demand ≤ 15 kWh/(m ² a)	21 kWh/(m ² a)	17 kWh/(m ² a)
Cooling demand ≤ 15 kWh/(m ² a)	5 kWh/(m ² a)	1 kWh/(m ² a)
Frequency of overheating $\leq 10\%$	12 %	1 %
Airtightness (at 50 pa) ≤ 0.6 ACH	10 ACH*	0.6 ACH#



Question & Answer

“Hi All - Greetings from an old federation home in Mornington. This house is light and airy and breathes. It does well in the heat of summer and only needs minimal winter heating provided we as occupants are prepared to accept temperature variations. I contend that Australia's Section J addresses energy efficiency from the wrong standpoint. **The lack of ventilation and limits of glazing will lead to condensation and mould growth. I believe there will be a lot of 'sick' housing in the near future.** Comments?”



Question & Answer

“Maybe not too relevant to **sub tropical climates** like Brisbane and north where it doesn't get too hot and too cold for most of the year. Cost to benefit may not warrant the pay back in saved energy?”



Question & Answer

“So the idea is there is a light bulb 50W running 24/7 for **heat exchanger**.
Is that correct? Can you turn it off if you choose to open windows?”



Question & Answer

“Our electrician (25 experience) was surprised that we wanted **airtight switches/power points**. He suggested applying silicon to the power point box from the inside once the cabling is in place. Is this best practice?”



Question & Answer

“Which wall system offers the best performance in terms of airtightness? **Reverse Brick Veneer** (current used in our build) or **Insulated Double Bricks**?”

Thank you!

Further
Questions?



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